# Agriseeds <br> Seed that Works 

## Crop: Tomato

Package of Practices

| Soil | Sandy loams with good drainage are ideal. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Climate | Night temperature of 15-20*C and day temperature of 20-30*C are ideal for high <br> yields. A very humid climate does not suit tomato cultivation. |
| Season | January - March, May - August, October - December |
| Seed | $40-60$ gm per acre |
| Spacing | $\mathbf{1 2 0} \mathbf{c m}$ between rows and 45 cm between plants. |
|  <br> Fertilizers | 8 to 10 tons of FYM per acre has to be incorporated into the soil before <br> transplanting in the main field. Green manuring crops before the main crop of <br> tomato is also desirable. <br> Basal Dose: 200 kg of DAP + 100 kg of MOP per acre. <br> Top Dressing: 100 kg of Urea or 200 kg CAN + 50 kg of MoP per acre. Number of <br> top dressing depends on the plant growth. Generally, two top dressing are <br> done. First one when the plants are 25 days old in the main field and the second <br> one when the plants are 50 days old. A micro nutrient sprat at the time of <br> flowering is essential. |
| Stacking | To realise the higher yields and better plant health stacking is necessary in <br> tomatoes. Determinate tomatoes need one step of stacking whereas semi <br> determinate tomatoes need two steps and indeterminate tomatoes needs three <br> to four of stacking. Usually bamboo sticks used for stacking and wires or threads <br> are used for tying plants. |
| Irrigation | Irrigation once in 3 to 4 days in light soils and 5 to 6 days in heavy soils is <br> recommended. |

[^0]
[^0]:    Disclaimer: The results of above mentioned agronomy practices may vary depending upon the weather, soil type, other biotic and abiotic stresses.

